In Palestine, each big city has a number of villages included in its district. The number of people in these villages is usually less than in the city, the head count ranging from 1000 to 5000. These villages depend on the city for survival in several ways. Although villages have some public services and schools, there are not as many as those available in the city. Consequently, many villagers move to the city in search of other services necessary for a better life. A number of these villages don’t have high schools, which forces students to move from one village to another to get their high school diplomas or to continue higher education. Villagers depend on agriculture as a way of making a living, in addition to raising cattle and domesticated animals. Some villages are not adequately supported by electricity, due to the difficulty of installing the necessary wires and cables. Some villagers depend on wells and springs to obtain water. Various villages in the West Bank are located in mountainous areas that are usually hard to reach by transportation. This makes it even more difficult to travel from one village to the other. The villagers’ main source of income is working in the fields and raising cattle. Some travel to the city in search of a job in the government/public sector.
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